

Product Data Sheet

NC-SMQ® 92H Solder Paste

Benefits

- Compatibility with common conformal coatings
- Clear, benign residue
- Superior stencil life
- Exceptional wetting in air reflow
- Outstanding print characteristics
- Halide-free

Alloys

Indium Corporation manufactures low-oxide spherical powder composed of Sn-Pb and Sn-Pb-Ag in the industry standard type 3 mesh size. Other, non-standard, mesh sizes are available upon request. The weight ratio of the flux/vehicle to the solder powder is referred to as the metal load and is typically in the range of 85-92% for standard alloy compositions.

Standard Product Specifications

Alloy	Metal Load		Mesh Size	Particle Size
Sn63 & Sn62	Printing 90%	Dispensing 85%	Type 3 -325/+500	25-45 µ 0.001-0.0018"

Packaging

Standard packaging for stencil printing applications includes 4 oz. jars and 6 oz. or 12 oz. cartridges. Packaging for enclosed print head systems is also readily available. For dispensing applications, 10cc and 30cc syringes are standard. Other packaging options are available on request.

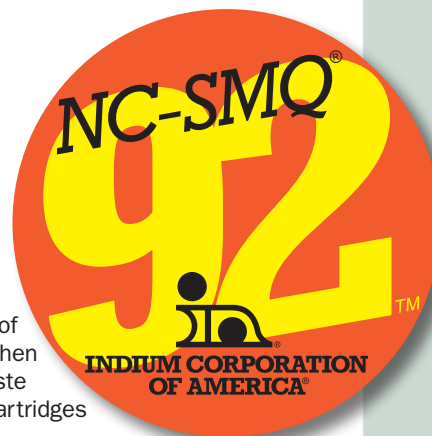
Storage and Handling Procedures

Refrigerated storage will prolong the shelf life of solder paste. The shelf life of **NC-SMQ92H** is 6 months when stored at <10°C. Solder paste packaged in syringes and cartridges should be stored tip down.

Solder paste should be allowed to reach ambient working temperature prior to use. Generally, paste should be removed from refrigeration at least two hours before use. Actual time to reach thermal equilibrium will vary with container size. Paste temperature should be verified before use. Jars and cartridges should be labeled with date and time of opening.

Material Safety Data Sheets

The MSDS for this product can be found online at <http://www.indium.com/techlibrary/msds.php>



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BELLCORE AND J-STD TESTS & RESULTS

Test	Result	Test	Result
J-STD-004 (IPC-TM-650)		J-STD-005 (IPC-TM-650)	
• Flux Type Classification	ROLO	• Typical Solder Paste Viscosity (Sn63, 90%, Type 3) Malcom (10 rpm),	1400 poise
• Flux Induced Corrosion (Copper Mirror)	Pass	• Typical Thixotropic Index; SSF (ICA Test)	-0.75
• Presence of Halide Fluoride Spot Test	Pass	• Slump Test	Pass
• Elemental Analysis (Br, Cl, F)	0%	• Solder Ball Test	Pass
• Post Reflow Flux Residue (ICA Test)	46%	• Typical Tackiness	32 grams
• Corrosion	Pass	• Wetting Test	Pass
• SIR	Pass	BELLCORE GR-78	
• Acid Value	128	• SIR	Pass
		• Electromigration	Pass

All information is for reference only. Not to be used as incoming product specifications.

Form No. 97766 R7

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Printing

Stencil Design:

Electroformed and laser cut/electropolished stencils produce the best printing characteristics among stencil types. Stencil aperture design is a crucial step in optimizing the print process. The following are a few general recommendations:

- Discrete components — A 10-20% reduction of stencil aperture has significantly reduced or eliminated the occurrence of mid-chip solder beads. The “home plate” design is a common method for achieving this reduction.
- Fine-pitch components — A surface area reduction is recommended for apertures of 20 mil pitch and finer. This reduction will help minimize solder balling and bridging that can lead to electrical shorts. The amount of reduction necessary is process dependent (5-15% is common).
- For adequate release of solder paste from stencil apertures, a minimum aspect ratio of 1.5 is suggested. The aspect ratio is defined as the width of the aperture divided by the thickness of the stencil.

Printer Operation:

The following are general recommendations for stencil printer optimization. Adjustments may be necessary based on specific process requirements:

- Solder Paste Bead Size: 20-25mm diameter
- Print Speed: 25-100mm/sec.
- Squeegee Pressure: 0.018-0.027kg/mm of blade length
- Underside Stencil Wipe: Once every 10-25 prints
- Solder Paste Stencil Life: >12 hrs. 30-60% R.H. & 22-28°C

Cleaning

NC-SMQ92H is designed for no-clean applications. However, the flux can be removed if necessary by using a commercially available flux residue remover.

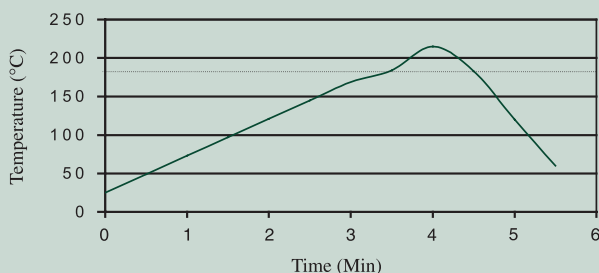
Stencil Cleaning: This is best-performed using an automated stencil cleaning system for both stencil and misprint cleaning to prevent extraneous solder balls. Most commercially available stencil cleaning formulations including isopropyl alcohol (IPA) work well.

Compatible Products

- Rework Flux: TACFlux 018

Reflow

Recommended Profile:



This profile is designed for use with Sn63/Pb37 and Sn62/Pb36/Ag2 and can serve as a general guideline in establishing a reflow profile for use with other alloys. Adjustments to this profile may be necessary based on specific process requirements.

Heating Stage:

A linear ramp rate of 0.5°-2.0°C/second allows gradual evaporation of volatile flux constituents and prevents defects such as solder balling/beading and bridging as a result of hot slump. It also prevents unnecessary depletion of fluxing capacity when using higher temperature alloys. A profile with an extended soak above 150°C can be implemented to reduce void formation and minimize tombstoning when required.

Liquidus Stage:

A peak temperature of 25°-45°C (215°C shown) above the melting point of the solder alloy is needed to form a quality solder joint and achieve acceptable wetting due to the formation of an intermetallic layer. If the peak temperature is excessive, or the time above liquidus greater than the recommended 30-90 seconds, flux charring, excessive intermetallic formation and damage to the board and components can occur.

Cooling Stage:

A rapid cool down of <4°C/second is desired to form a fine grain structure. Slow cooling will form a large grain structure, which typically exhibit poor fatigue resistance. If excessive cooling >4°C/second is used, both the components and the solder joint can be stressed due to a high CTE mismatch.

This product data sheet is provided for general information only. It is not intended, and shall not be construed, to warrant or guarantee the performance of the products

described which are sold subject exclusively to written warranties and limitations thereon included in product packaging and invoices.

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